

**CSH-7 BLACK LV BASE 5 GAL**

Version 2.

Print Date 07/07/2009

REVISION DATE: 06/29/2009

**SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Trade name : CSH-7 BLACK LV BASE 5 GAL  
Product code : CSH7BKBASEM105

COMPANY : Republic Powdered Metals  
2628 Pearl Road  
Medina, OH 44256

Telephone : (800) 551-7081  
Emergency Phone: : 1-800-551-7081  
After Hours: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

Product use : Coating

**SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION****Emergency Overview**

Black. Liquid. May cause moderate irritation to the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue. Move to fresh air. If required, artificial respiration or administration of oxygen can be performed by trained personnel. Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

**Acute Potential Health Effects/ Routes of Entry**

Inhalation : May cause moderate irritation to the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue.

Eyes : Vapor and/or mist may cause eye irritation. Direct contact may cause temporary redness and discomfort.

Ingestion : May cause irritation to the mouth, throat and stomach. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, and vomiting.

Skin : May cause moderate irritation.

**Aggravated Medical Conditions**

Pre-existing eye, skin, liver, kidney, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

**Chronic Health Effects**

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal. Prolonged inhalation or ingestion of large amounts of 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-benzene may cause liver and kidney damage based on laboratory animal studies. Prolonged or repeated overexposure to acetone may cause liver damage, Central Nervous System depression and narcosis. Carbon black is classified by IARC to be a known animal carcinogen and a possible human carcinogen (Group 2B). Carbon black is encapsulated by resin and not expected to have adverse effects unless made airborne. Overexposure to n-butyl alcohol caused anemia, liver abnormalities, eye, kidney and lung damage in experimental animals. Can cause eye damage in humans and effect hearing if exposed to vapor concentrations of over 50 ppm. Fillers are encapsulated and not expected to be released from product under normal conditions of use.

**Target Organs:** Skin, Eye, Lung, Liver, Kidney, Nerve, Reproductive

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**SECTION 3 - PRODUCT COMPOSITION**

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight %
Barium sulfate	7727-43-7	30.0 - 60.0
Acetone	67-64-1	15.0 - 40.0
P-chlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	15.0 - 40.0
n-Butanol	68037-39-8	15.0 - 40.0
Carbon Black	71-36-3	1.0 - 5.0
Petroleum distillates	1333-86-4	- <1.0
Carbon tetrachloride	64742-47-8	- <1.0
Trichloromethane	56-23-5	- <0.1
	67-66-3	- <0.1

**SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

Get immediate medical attention for any significant overexposure.

- Inhalation : Move to fresh air. If required, artificial respiration or administration of oxygen can be performed by trained personnel. Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.
- Eye contact : Flush with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eye lids apart. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact : Clean area of contact thoroughly using soap and water. If irritation, rash or other disorders develop, get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician. Call nearest Poison Control Center or Physician immediately.

**SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

- Flash point : -4 F, -20 C
- Method : Not available.
- Lower explosion limit : 0.9 %(V) Solvent
- Upper explosion limit : 13 %(V) Solvent
- Autoignition temperature : 500 F, 260 C
- Extinguishing media : If water fog is ineffective, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.
- Hazardous combustion products : Smoke, fumes. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide can form. Nitrogen oxides can form.
- Protective equipment for firefighters : Use accepted fire fighting techniques. Wear full firefighting protective clothing, including self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Water may be used to cool containers to minimize pressure build-up.



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Fire and explosion conditions : Vapor concentrations in enclosed areas may ignite explosively. Product may ignite if heated in excess of its flash point. Vapors may travel to sources of ignition and flashback. Closed container, may burst when exposed to extreme heat. Empty containers may contain ignitable vapors.

**SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid contact with material. Remove sources of ignition immediately. Stop flow of material if safe to do so. Contain spill and keep out of water courses. Ventilate area.

**SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Prevent inhalation of vapor, ingestion, and contact with skin eyes and clothing. Keep container closed when not in use. Precautions also apply to emptied containers. To prevent generation of static discharges, use bonding/grounding connection when pouring liquid. Extinguish all ignition sources including pilot lights, non-explosion proof motors and electrical equipment until vapors dissipate. Personal protective equipment must be worn during maintenance or repair of contaminated mixer, reactor, or other equipment. Keep container closed when not in use. Vapor may migrate to sources of ignition. Do not smoke, weld, generate sparks, or use flame near container. Store in sealed containers in a cool, dry, ventilated warehouse location.

**SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**Personal protection equipment**

- Respiratory protection : Wear appropriate, properly fitted NIOSH/MSHA approved organic vapor or supplied air respirator when airborne contaminant level(s) are expected to exceed exposure limits indicated on the MSDS. Follow manufacturer's directions for respirator use.
- Hand protection : Use suitable impervious nitrile or neoprene gloves and protective apparel to reduce exposure.
- Eye protection : Wear appropriate eye protection. Wear chemical safety goggles and/or face shield to prevent eye contact. Do not wear contact lenses. Do not touch eyes with contaminated body parts or materials. Have eye washing facilities readily available.
- Protective measures : Use professional judgment in the selection, care, and use. Inspect and replace equipment at regular intervals.
- Engineering measures : Use only in well ventilated areas. Provide maximum ventilation in enclosed areas. Use local exhaust when the general ventilation is inadequate.

**Exposure Limits**



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<b>Chemical Name</b>	<b>CAS Number</b>	<b>Regulation</b>	<b>Limit</b>	<b>Form</b>
Barium sulfate	7727-43-7	ACGIH TWA: OSHA PEL: OSHA PEL: OSHA TWA: OSHA TWA:	10 mg/m3 5 mg/m3 15 mg/m3 15 mg/m3 5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction. Total dust. Total dust. Respirable fraction.
Acetone	67-64-1	ACGIH TWA: ACGIH STEL: OSHA PEL:	500 ppm 750 ppm 2,400 mg/m3	
n-Butanol	71-36-3	ACGIH TWA: OSHA PEL:	20 ppm 300 mg/m3	
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	ACGIH TWA: OSHA PEL: OSHA TWA: OSHA TWA:	3.5 mg/m3 3.5 mg/m3 15 mg/m3 5 mg/m3	Total dust. Respirable fraction.
Petroleum distillates	64742-47-8	ACGIH TWA: hydrocarbon vapor ACGIH TWA: hydrocarbon vapor	200 mg/m3 200 mg/m3	Non-aerosols total Non-aerosols total
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	ACGIH TWA: ACGIH STEL: OSHA TWA:	5 ppm 10 ppm 10 ppm	
Trichloromethane	67-66-3	ACGIH TWA:	10 ppm	

**SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Form : Liquid  
 Color : Black  
 Odor : Aromatic Solvent  
 pH : Not available.  
 Vapour pressure : 112 hPa  
  
 Vapor density : Heavier than air  
 Melting point/range : Not available.  
 Freezing point : Not available.  
 Boiling point/range : Not available.  
 Water solubility : Negligible



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Specific Gravity : 1.435  
 % Volatile Weight : 44 %

**SECTION 10 - REACTIVITY / STABILITY**

Substances to avoid : Oxidizing agents.Strong acids.Strong bases.  
 Stability : Stable under normal conditions. Avoid welding arcs, flames or other high temperature sources.  
 Hazardous polymerization : Will not occur.

**SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Acetone, CAS-No.: 67-64-1  
 Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral) 9,800 mg/kg ( Rat ) 3,000 mg/kg ( Mouse ) 5,340 mg/kg ( Rabbit ) 5.2 g/kg ( Mouse ) 5,800 mg/kg ( Rat )  
 Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50) 50.1 mg/l for 8 h ( Rat ) 76 mg/l for 4 h ( Rat )  
 Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal) 20,000 mg/kg ( Rabbit ) 20 mg/kg ( Rabbit )

n-Butanol, CAS-No.: 71-36-3  
 Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral) 790 mg/kg ( Rat )  
 Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50) 8,000 mg/l for 4 h ( Rat )  
 Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal) 3,400 mg/kg ( Rabbit )

Carbon tetrachloride, CAS-No.: 56-23-5  
 Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral) 2,800 mg/kg ( Rat ) 12,800 mg/kg ( Mouse ) 6,380 mg/kg ( Rabbit ) 3,680 mg/kg ( Hamster ) 2,920 mg/kg ( Rat )

Trichloromethane, CAS-No.: 67-66-3  
 Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral) 1,117 mg/kg ( Rat ) 36 mg/kg ( Mouse ) 908 mg/kg ( Rat ) 2,250 mg/kg ( Dog ) 9,827 mg/kg ( Rabbit ) 2,180 mg/kg ( Rat ) 2,250 mg/kg ( Dog ) 36 mg/kg ( Mouse ) 9,827 mg/kg ( Rabbit ) 1,117 mg/kg ( Rat ) 2,180 mg/kg ( Rat ) 908 mg/kg ( Rat )  
 Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50) 47.702 mg/l ( Rat ) 47.702 mg/l for 4 h ( Rat )

**SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No Data Available

**SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

RCRA Class : D001: Reportable Quantity = 100 lbs. (Characteristic of ignitability)  
 This classification applies only to the material as it was originally produced.



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Disposal Method : Subject to hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal requirements under RCRA. Recycle or incinerate waste at EPA approved facility or dispose of in compliance with federal, state and local regulations.

**SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION / SHIPPING DATA**

**TDG / DOT Shipping Description:**

PAINT, 3, UN1263, PG II

**SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**North American Inventories:**

All components are listed or exempt from the TSCA inventory.  
This product or its components are listed on, or exempt from the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

**U.S. Federal Regulations:**

SARA 313 Components : n-Butanol 71-36-3

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute Health Hazard  
Chronic Health Hazard  
Fire Hazard

OSHA Hazardous Components :

Barium sulfate	7727-43-7
Acetone	67-64-1
n-Butanol	71-36-3
Carbon Black	1333-86-4
Petroleum distillates	64742-47-8
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5
Trichloromethane	67-66-3

OSHA Status: Considered : Irritant  
hazardous based on the Carcinogen  
following criteria:

OSHA Flammability : Not Regulated

Regulatory VOC (less water and : 69 g/l  
exempt solvent)

VOC Method 310 : 44 %

Chemical is listed as an IARC, NTP, OSHA, or ACGIH Carcinogen:

Carbon Black	1333-86-4
Petroleum distillates	64742-47-8

**U.S. State Regulations:**

MASS RTK Components : Barium sulfate 7727-43-7



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	Acetone	67-64-1
	n-Butanol	71-36-3
	Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5
	Trichloromethane	67-66-3
<b>Penn RTK Components</b>	:	
	Barium sulfate	7727-43-7
	Acetone	67-64-1
	P-chlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6
		68037-39-8
	n-Butanol	71-36-3
	Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5
<b>NJ RTK Components</b>	:	
	Barium sulfate	7727-43-7
	Acetone	67-64-1
	P-chlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6
		68037-39-8
	n-Butanol	71-36-3
	Carbon Black	1333-86-4
	Petroleum distillates	64742-47-8

**WARNING!** Contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and/or other reproductive harm:

1333-86-4	Carbon Black
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride
67-66-3	Trichloromethane

**SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

**HMIS Rating :**

Health	2
Flammability	3
Reactivity	1
PPE	

0 = Minimum  
 1 = Slight  
 2 = Moderate  
 3 = Serious  
 4 = Severe

**Further information:**

For Industrial Use Only. Keep out of Reach of Children. The hazard information herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to their own investigation of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.

**Prepared by: Rich Mikol**

**Legend**

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Hygienists  
 NTP - National Toxicology Program  
 DOT - Department of Transportation  
 DSL - Domestic Substance List  
 EPA - Environmental Protection Agency  
 HMIS - Hazardous Materials Information System

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit  
 RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act  
 RTK - Right To Know  
 SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act  
 STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit  
 TLV - Threshold Limit Value



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IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer  
MSHA - Mine Safety Health Administration  
NDSL - Non-Domestic Substance List  
NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health  
CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act  
OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act  
TWA - Time Weighted Average  
V - Volume  
VOC - Volatile Organic Compound  
WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System